## LEGGARI POLYASPARTIC Part A Safety Data Sheet

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TRADE NAME (AS LABELED):

SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER'S NAME:

ADDRESS:

TELEPHONE: EMAIL:

EMERGENCY NUMBER:

## 2 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### **CLASSIFICATION**

Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Category 3
Eye irritation:	Category 2A
Flammable Liquids:	Category 4
Skin irritation:	Category 2
Skin sensitizer:	Category 1

#### SIGNAL WORD

Warning

### HAZARDOUS STATEMENTS

Physical H227 - Combustible Liquid

#### Health

- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H315 Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
- TIST/ May cause an allergic skirreact

#### Environmental

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

#### General

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

#### Prevention

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam to extinguish. For detailed information, see Section-5 (Fire Fighting Measures)

- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P321 Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Storage

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

# (!)

PICTOGRAM

LEGGARI POLYASPARTIC PART A

LEGGARI PRODUCTS, LLC

3105 E AINSWORTH AVE WAREHOUSE 5, BAY 2 PASCO, WA 99301

1-844-LEGGARI (534-4274) CUSTOMERSERVICE@LEGGARI.COM

800-424-9300



Acute toxicity of 2% of the mixture is unknown

## **3** COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

CAS	Chemical Name	% by Weight
0136210-32-7	CYCLOALIPHATIC DIAMINE	45% - 79%
N/A	PROPRIETARY	0% - 20%
145899-78-01	MODIFIED OXAZOLIDINE	1.7% - 3%

\* Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

#### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.
If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

#### **Skin Contact**

- Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Gently blot or brush away excess product. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

- IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Eye Contact

- Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

- Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face.

- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Ingestion

- IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

- Give 1 or 2 glasses of milk or water to drink and refer person to medical personnel. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## 5 | FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide water spray or fog is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

#### Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Sudden reaction and fire may result when the product is exposed to oxidizing agents.

#### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

- Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus in positive pressure mode with full-face piece. Boots, gloves (neoprene), goggles, and full protective clothing are also required.





## 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Emergency Procedure**

Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

#### Recommended Equipment

Appropriate dust or face mask to eliminate breathing foam dust particulates.

#### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Soak up material with absorbent and shovel into a chemical waste container. Cover container, but do not seal, and remove from work area. Residues from spill cleanup may continue to be regulated under provisions of RCRA and require storage and disposal as hazardous waste. For major spills, call CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergency Center) at 800-424-9300.

## 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### General

- Wash hands after use.
- Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.
- Do not breathe vapors or mists.
- Use good personal hygiene practices.
- Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.
- Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
- Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### Ventilation requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

#### Storage room requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. - Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.

- Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

- Store in tightly sealed containers to protect from atmospheric moisture. Store in a cool dry area. Store liquid in containers above ground and surround by dikes to contain spills or leaks.

- Ground and bond containers and receiving equipment. Avoid static electricity by grounding.

## **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Eye protection

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Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

#### Skin protection

- Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

#### **Respiratory protection**

 If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.
When airborne concentrations exceed or are expected to exceed the TLV, use MSHA/NIOSH approved positive pressure supplied air respirator with a full-face piece or an air supplied hood. For emergencies, use a positive pressure self-container breathing apparatus.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

## 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Density:	8.52 lb/gal	Lower explosion level:	N.A.
Specific gravity:	1.02	Upper explosion level:	N.A.
VOC regulatory:	0.00 lb/gal	Vapor pressure:	N.A.
VOC Part A & B Combined:	0.63 lb/gal	Vapor density:	Heavier than air
Appearance:	Liquid	Freezing point:	N.A.
Odor threshold	N.A.	Melting point:	N.A.
Description:	Amine-Like	Low boiling point:	200 °C
ph:	N.A.	High boiling point:	N.A.
Water solubility:	N.A.	Auto ignition temp:	N.A.
Flammability:	N.A.	Decomposition pt. :	N.A.
Flash point symbol:	N/A	Evaporation rate:	Slower than ether
Flash point:	75 °C	Coefficient water/oil:	N.A.
Viscosity:	N.A.		

## 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Stability

Material is stable at standard temperature and pressure.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Heat, high temperature, open flame, and moisture. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

#### Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Will not occur.

#### Incompatible Materials

This product will react with any material containing isocyanate. Some reactions can be violent.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Combustion products: organic vapors and thermal decomposition fragments.

## 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Product may be absorbed through skin and cause nausea, headache, and general discomfort. - Causes skin irritation

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Vapors can irritate the eyes. Chemical burns may result due to overexposure. Affects of exposure may be delayed. - Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

Inhalation : Severe overexposure may induce respiratory sensitization with asthma like symptoms. These symptoms may be immediate or delayed







up to several hours after exposure. Chronic exposures may result in permanent decreases in lung function.

- Skin sensitization may develop after repeated and/or prolonged contact.

- May cause an allergic skin reaction

#### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Acute Toxicity**

If ingested : In humans, irritation or chemical burns of the mouth, pharynx, esophagus and stomach can develop following ingestion, and injury may be severe and cause death.

- Repeated and prolonged exposure at low levels may result in adverse skin and eye effects, liver and kidney disorders. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

N/A PROPRIETARY

- If swallowed, the substance may cause vomiting and could result in aspiration pneumonitis.

#### Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

## 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
Persistence and degradability	N/A Proprietary: Readily biodegradable in water	
Bioaccumulative Potential	N/A Proprietary: Substance has a low potential for bioaccumulation	
Mobility in soil	No data available	
Other adverse effects	No data available	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available: Substance has a low potential for bioaccumulation.	
Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment	N/A Proprietary: The substance is not PBT/vPvB	

## 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### WASTE DISPOSAL:

- Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine a the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws. - Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

## 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **U.S. DOT INFORMATION**

Not regulated

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**IATA INFORMATION** 

Not regulated

## 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	<b>Regulation List</b>
0136210-32-7	CYCLOALIPHATIC DIAMINE	45% - 79%	DSL,SARA312,TSCA
N/A	PROPRIETARY	0% - 20%	DSL, SARA312, VOC, TSCA

## 16 OTHER INFORMATION

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

\* There are points of differences between OSHA GHS and UN GHS. In 90% of the categories, they can be used interchangeably, but for the Skin Corrosion/Irritant Category and the Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single and Repeated Exposure) Categories. In these cases, our system will say UN GHS.

#### GLOSSARY

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; CA Prop65- California Proposition 65; Canadian TDG- Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS-Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service ; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL -Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

Prepared by:

**Revision Date:** 

LEGGARI PRODUCTS LLC JANUARY 1, 2023

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